

The International Phonetic Alphabet

The following are those symbols of the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) that we will make use of in phonetic transcription of English.

1. Consonants

1.1 The Stops

[p]	voiceless oral bilabial stop	' <u>p</u> at'
[b]	voiced oral bilabial stop	' <u>b</u> at'
[m]	voiced nasal bilabial stop	' <u>m</u> at'
[t]	voiceless oral alveolar stop	' <u>t</u> ot'
[d]	voiced oral alveolar stop	' <u>d</u> ot'
[n]	voiced nasal alveolar stop	' <u>n</u> ot'
[k]	voiceless oral velar stop	' <u>k</u> ap'
[g]	voiced oral velar stop	' <u>g</u> ap'
[ŋ]	voiced nasal velar stop	'ba <u>ng</u> '
[ʔ]	voiceless oral glottal stop	'uh-- <u>oh</u> '

1.2 The Fricatives

[f]	voiceless oral labio-dental fricative	' <u>f</u> at'
[v]	voiced oral labio-dental fricative	' <u>v</u> at'
[θ]	voiceless oral dental fricative	' <u>th</u> in'
[ð]	voiced oral dental fricative	' <u>th</u> en'
[s]	voiceless oral alveolar fricative	' <u>s</u> ap'
[z]	voiced oral alveolar fricative	' <u>z</u> ap'
[ʃ]	voiceless oral alveopalatal fricative	' <u>rush</u> '
[ʒ]	voiced oral alveopalatal fricative	'rou <u>ge</u> '
[h]	voiceless glottal fricative	' <u>h</u> at'

1.3 The Affricates

[tʃ]	voiceless oral alveopalatal affricate	' <u>ch</u> ump'
[dʒ]	voiced oral alveopalatal affricate	'j <u>ump</u> '

1.4 The Approximants (Semi-Vowels)

[j]	voiced oral palatal approximant	' <u>Y</u> ale'
[w]	voiced oral bilabial approximant	' <u>w</u> ail'
[ʍ]	voiceless oral bilabial approximant	' <u>wh</u> ale'
[l]	voiced oral lateral approximant	' <u>l</u> eer'
[ɹ]	voiced oral retroflex approximant	' <u>r</u> ear'